Paper Review: SDN-Based Vs. Software-only EPC (Evolved Packet Core) Gateways – A Cost Analysis

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Introduction

- Evolved Packet Core (EPC) comprises of gateways like
 - S-GW (Service Gateway)
 - P-GW (Packet Data Network Gateway)
 - MME (Mobility Management Element)
 - HSS (Home Subscriber Server)
 - PCRF (Policy Control and Charging Function)
- NFV : concept of virtual EPC



Challenges

- · Virtualization is difficult...
- Strong interaction between forwarding plane and control functions of the EPC
- Cost reductions from virtualization Vs. costs of additional transport and processing



EPC functional entities

- SDN allows separation of control plane (C-plane) from the data forwarding plane (U-plane)
- EPC's pure C-plane functions can be completely virtualized e.g. MME, HSS, PCRF
- EPC functions like S-GW, P-GW with strong C-plane and U-plane interaction pose a challenge



NE+ approach

- · C-plane is separated from U-plane
- U-plane is handled with SDN switches (forwarding elements) and SDN controller
- GTP Tunneling and policy enforcement functions will need to be added to the FE (forwarding elements)
- 10% overhead in traffic due to SDN signaling is assumed



Gateway Virtualization Approaches

Fully virtualized approach – Software-only

- Partially virtualized NE+
 - Aggregation switches (AG-S) can act as EPC gateway U-plane node



Virtual EPC (vEPC) deployment aspects

- · Transport network topology including the location of AG-S
- Geographical placement of virtual EPC gateways
- Approach to gateway virtualization



Transport network topology

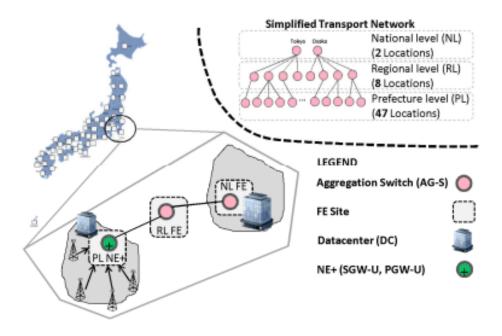


Fig. 1. Infrastructure of a scenario in a three level aggregation network



EPC deployment scenarios

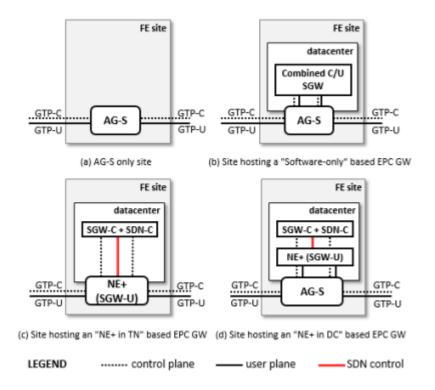
· Software-only

· NE+ in TN

· NE+ in DC

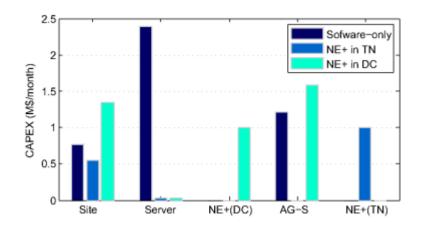


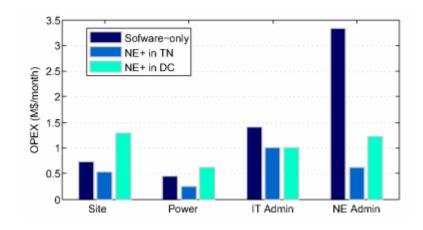
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Results







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